Homework - Week 4

<u>Maths</u>

Multiply the following numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 to complete the table.

	x 10	x 100	x 1000
5.7			
23.02			
0.92			
0.306			
24.67			

Divide the following numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 to complete the table.

	÷ 10	÷ 100	÷ 1000
43			
219			
703			
64.8			
2560			

Work out the calculations.

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Work out the calculations.

English

1. For each sentence underline the relative pronoun.

James, who is a good finder, is good at hide-and-seek.

My cat, who loves fish, purrs when I feed her.

The summer holidays, which last six weeks, are great.

My school is in Sheffield which is a city in South Yorkshire.

2. Match up each main clause with its appropriate relative clause.

It was my dog Rufus,

Robert is an extremely lazy boy,

I can't eat my sandwich because it's peanut butter,

I go to running club every Thursday at 6 AM,

My sister looks just like my mum,

whose hair curls the same way.

which I'm allergic to.

who ate my homework.

which means I am tired by the afternoon.

who never tidies his bedroom.

Bananas, which grow in tropical countries, have to be flown into Britain.					
I was at a party last night, which meant I was home very late.					

<u>History</u>

Write a summary based on the information you have read on the Ancient Egyptian Pharaohs. Be as informative as possible! Try to do your own research too if you have access to the internet.

Egyptian Pharaohs

Who were they?

Who were they? The pharaohs were the kings and queens of all of Egypt. Most were men but there were some famous female pharaohs like Nefertiti and Cleopatra. The pharaoh was the most important person in the kingdom and was in charge of the government and every temple. The Egyptian believed that the pharaoh was half-man, half-god. The god half of them was thought to be taken from Horus, the god of the sky. It was thought that after a pharaoh died, they would be joined with the Sun and a new Horus would be sent to rule on Earth.

The First Pharaoh

Egypt used to be split into two kingdoms,
Upper Egypt (known as the white crown)
and Lower Egypt (known as the red crown).
We know that at some time around 3100
BC the north took the south and joined them together and the first true pharaoh, King Narmer ruled over it. Narmer created the new capital of Egypt, known as Memphis, which sat on the border of the north and the south.

Quick Fact



Important Pharaohs

Ramesses II (Ramesses the Great)

Born: 1303 BC. Died: 1213 BC

Reign: 1279 - 1213 BC

Ramesses is one of the most famous pharaohs because of his achievements over his long life. He was a great war leader and he held the Egyptian army against many different enemies, like the Hittites, Syrians and Lybians. Ramesses is known for creating one of the first peace treaties with the Hittites to allow peace. Many of the statues still standing today were built for him, including the four statues of himself outside the temple of Abu Simbel (below).

Thutmose III

Born: 1481 BC. Died: 1425 BC.

Reign: 1479 - 1425 BC

Thutmose was too young to rule at first so he had his aunt Hatshepsut rule with him. He was not fond of Hapshepsut, even though she was a good ruler, and it is though he had her killed. Thutmose took the throne and went on to be a famous warrior king, not afraid to go first into battle. He never lost a war and became very well-liked by all for his bravery and strength. In his time as pharaoh, he took back the countries of Syria and Canaan into Egyptian rule which created the largest kingdom at that point.

Cleopatra VII, The Last True Pharaoh

Born: 69 BC. Died: 30 BC.

Reign: 51 - 30 BC

Cleopatra was born a princess. Her father was a pharaoh, known as Ptolemy VII. The Ptolemy family was actually Greek but had ruled Egypt for over 300 years. Cleopatra ruled with her brother who then made her leave the palace. In 48 BC, Julius Caesar came to Egypt and they fell in love. Cleopatra got Caesar's army to take back Egypt and they defeated her brother's army so she could rule as pharaoh. Even though she was Greek, Cleopatra loved Egyptian culture and spoke the language. She made a lot of money for the Egyptian kingdom and the new contraction of the paragraphs of the paragraphs.

She made a lot of money for the Egyptian kingdom and the people

loved her for it.

Spellings: Friday 3rd October 2020

- 1. Write the word in the first box.
- 2. Look at it carefully and say it to yourself.
- 3. Cover the word up and try and picture it in your mind.
- 4. In the next box write the word and then check the spelling. Continue this process.
- 5. Repeat the process everyday and see if you have memorised in by then.

Word to be learned					
	Look	Say	Cover	Write	Check
awkward					
bruise					
criticise					
exaggerate					
immediately					
interrupt					
restaurant					
rhythm					

sincerely			
yacht			